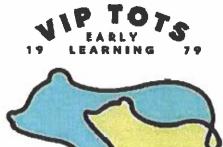
# V.I.P. TOTS

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2019





Independent Auditors' Report	1
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Position	
Statement of Activities	5
Statement of Functional Expenses	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and	
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	14
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
Status of Prior Year Findings	17



# Smith Marion & Co. · Certified Public Accountants

Redlands Office · 1940 Orange Tree Lane, Suite 100 · Redlands, CA 92374 · (909) 307-2323

## **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Governing Body of V.I.P. TOTS

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of V.I.P. TOTS (Agency), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2019, and the related statements of activities, cash flows, and functional expenses for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Agency's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency as of June 30, 2019 and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2020 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 15, 2020 Redlands , CA

Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and equivalents - operating	\$ 180,802
Grants and contracts receivable	154,874
Fees and charges receivable	1,302
Other receivables	17,436
Investments - operating	2,938
Prepaids and deposits	45,638
Total current assets	402,990
Property and equipment, at cost	
Land	39,479
Buildings and improvements	313,849
Furniture and equipment	255,470
Leasehold improvements	213,751
Total acquisition costs	822,549
Less accumulated depreciation	(708,877)
Property and equipment, net	113,672
Total Assets	\$ 516,662

Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	7,466
Prepaid fees and charges		1,422
Accrued wages payable		42,030
Accrued payroll tax and benefits payable		18,749
Accrued vacations payable		22,022
Total current liabilities		91,689
Total liabilities		91,689
Net assets:		
Without donor restriction		
Undesignated		424,973
Designated by the Board		-
Total without donor restriction	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	424,973
With donor restriction		<u> </u>
Purpose restrictions		-
Time-restricted for future periods		
Perpetual in nature		
Total with donor restriction		-
Total net assets		424,973
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	516,662

Revenue, Support, and Gains	Without Donor Restriction	With Donor Restriction	Total
Contracts and grants	\$ =	\$ 1,296,751 \$	1,296,751
Contributions	8,861	-	8,861
In-kind contributions	178	•	178
Program service fees	148,356	-	148,356
Net investment return	193	-	193
Other revenue	14,771	-	14,771
Gross special events revenue	24,461	-	24,461
Less cost of direct benefits to donors	(11,129)		(11,129)
Net special events revenue	13,332	-	13,332
Gift shop sales	2,241	-	2,241
less costs of goods sold	(1,606)	<u> </u>	(1,606)
Net gift shop sales	635	-	635
Net assets released from restriction	1,303,011	(1,303,011)	*
Total revenue, support, and gains	1,489,337	(6,260)	1,483,077
Expenses and Losses			
Program services expense	1,197,218		1,197,218
Supporting services expense			
Management and general	223,875	•	223,875
Fundraising	74,625		74,625
Total supporting services expense	298,500	-	298,500
Loss of disposition of assets			
Total expenses and losses	1,495,718	-	1,495,718
Change in net assets	(6,381)	(6,260)	(12,641)
Net assets, beginning of year	431,354	6,260	437,614
Net assets, end of year	\$ 424,973	\$ - \$	424,973

	Prog	ram Services	Man	agement and General	Fu	ndraising	Total
Grants and other assistance	\$	44,200	\$	8,288	\$	2,763	\$ 55,250
Salaries and wages		815,045		152,821		50,940	1,018,806
Employee benefits		45,698		8,568		2,856	57,122
Payroll taxes		62,327		11,686		3,895	77,909
Fees for professional services		28,185		5,285		1,762	35,231
Legal and accounting		13,281		2,490		830	16,601
Training and development		734		138		46	918
Advertising and promotion		5,506		1,032		344	6,883
Office expenses		28,444		5,333		1,778	35,555
Information technology		10,836		2,032		677	13,545
Occupancy		70,631		13,243		4,414	88,289
Travel		30,154		5,654		1,885	37,692
Volunteer appreciation and other donations		4,409		827		276	5,511
Insurance		7,938		1,488		496	9,922
Depreciation		22,183		4,159		1,386	27,729
Other		4,428		830		277	5,535
In-kind expense		178		3.5		-	178
Bad debt		3,042		-		-	3,042
Gift shop cost of goods sold		•		-		1,606	1,606
Cost of direct benefits to donors						11,129	11,129
Total expenses by function		1,197,218		223,875		87,360	1,508,453
Less expenses included with revenues							
on the statement of activities							
Gift shop cost of goods sold		-		85		(1,606)	(1,606)
Cost of direct benefits to donors		-				(11,129)	(11,129)
Total expenses included in the							£7
expense section on the statement				65			-
of activities	\$	1,197,218	\$	223,875	\$	74,625	\$ 1,495,718

Cash flows from operating activities		
Change in net assets	\$	(12,641)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	•	(,,
from (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation		27,729
Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on operating investments		(140)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Grants and contracts receivable		27,512
Fees and charges receivable		10,560
Other receivables		(8,080)
Prepaids and deposits		(620)
Accounts payable		3,450
Grant advances		(2,780)
Prepaid fees and charges		1,422
Other current liabilities		2,258
Accrued wages payable		1,937
Accrued payroll tax and benefits payable		11,085
Net cash from (used for) operating activities		61,692
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of property and equipment		(955)
Net cash from (used for) investing activities		(955)
Cash flows from financing activities		
None		•
Net cash from (used for) financing activities		-
Net change in cash and equivalents		60,737
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year		120,065
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	180,802
Cash and equivalents - operating	\$	180,802
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	180,802

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Nature of Business and Organization**

V.I.P. TOTS (Organization, we, us, our) was organized in 1979 as a non-profit organization for the purpose of providing early intervention services for children with disabilities and training to staff, parents, and the community. We are licensed by the State of California Community Care Licensing to provide childcare services. Additionally, we are a vendor agency with Inland Regional Center to provide services to children. We fulfill our mission by focusing our efforts in two primary service areas.

Child Development and Child Care - Our quality child development classes serve toddlers and preschool children. Programs serve children with and without special needs. Preschool classes have one teacher for 8 to 11 children. Children participate in activities that promote learning in all areas of development. Staff members have experience and training in early childhood and monitor children's needs and progress closely. Teachers communicate frequently with parents. Toddlers 18 months to 24 months are served through a scholarship grant from First 5 Riverside. Children ages two to six are enrolled through parent pay tuition, funded childcare or First 5 scholarships.

Early Intervention - We offer a variety of early intervention services to meet the needs of families who have children with a delay or are at risk of having a delay in all areas of their development.

Home Program serves children ages 0-36 months that have a 33% delay or are at high risk of a developmental delay as designated and funded by Inland Regional Center. We serve families for two to twenty hours per month in their homes. We use a coaching model helping caregivers help their children to progress to the best of their abilities through parent participation. Through our Home Program we serve the communities of Temecula, Murrieta, Menifee, Lake Elsinore, Perris, Moreno Valley, Canyon Lake, Hemet, San Jacinto, Anza, Beaumont, Banning, Calimesa, Yucaipa and Redlands.

"Mommy and Me" is a center-based Program with a ratio of 3 children to 1 teacher in an inclusive classroom setting and is funded by Inland Regional Center as an alternative to Home Program Services. A child with a delay can attend this center based program for 39 hours per month with a parent attending with them in order to learn how to help their child in a group setting. This program must be requested and authorized by Inland Regional Center and is available for children ages 18-36 months.

Intensive Services Program is for children with behavioral challenges and provides a one to one teacher/child ratio. This program must be requested and authorized by Inland Regional Center for up to 65 hours per month. This is a combination of center based and home program hours with parent participation throughout. This also includes a parent training module program.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Our financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all cash and highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less, which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes, to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash and highly liquid financial instruments restricted to building projects, endowments that are perpetual in nature, or other long-term purposes are excluded from this definition.

## Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist primarily of noninterest-bearing amounts due for grants and fees for charges. We determine the allowance for uncollectable accounts receivable based on historical experience, an assessment of economic conditions, and a review of subsequent collections. Accounts receivable are written off when deemed uncollectable. We do not believe any amounts are uncollectable as of yearend.

#### **Investments**

We record investment purchases at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Thereafter, investments are reported at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Net investment return/(loss) is reported in the statements of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

# **Property and Equipment**

Buildings, Equipment, and Leasehold Improvements are capitalized at cost. It is the policy of the Organization to capitalize expenditures for these items in excess of \$500. Buildings, Equipment, and Leasehold Improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives from 3 to 35 years.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for an operating reserve and board-designated endowment.

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions — Net assets subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Gifts of long-lived assets and gifts of cash restricted for the acquisition of long-lived assets are recognized as revenue when the assets are placed in service. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

# Revenue and Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when earned. Program service fees and payments under cost-reimbursable contracts received in advance are deferred to the applicable period in which the related services are performed or expenditures are incurred, respectively. Contributions are recognized when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met.

## Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

#### **Income Taxes**

We are exempt from income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and California Revenue Code Section 23701d. We are classified as a publicly supported organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

In accordance with accounting standards, which provide accounting and disclosure guidance about uncertain tax positions taken by the Organization, management believes that all of the positions taken by the Organization in its federal and state income tax returns are more likely than not to be sustained upon examination. We file returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction and the State of California.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Concentration of Credit Risk**

We manage deposit concentration risk by placing cash, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit with financial institutions believed by us to be creditworthy. At times, amounts on deposit may exceed insured limits or accounts.

#### Subsequent Events

We have evaluated subsequent events through, January 15, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# Note 2 - Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprise the following:

Cash and equivalents - operating	\$ 180,802
Grants and contracts receivable	154,874
Fees and charges receivable	1,302
Other receivables	17,436
Investments - operating	2,938
	\$ 357,352

As part of our liquidity management plan, we at times invest cash in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments, CDs, and money market funds. Occasionally, the Board designates a portion of any operating surplus to its operating reserve, which was \$0 as of June 30, 2019.

# Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

Generally accepted accounting principles establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets and liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date, Level 2 inputs consist of inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and Level 3 inputs that have the lowest priority and consist of unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The following table presents the balances of the assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

			Fair V	<u>'alue Me</u>	asuremen	it Using	
	 <u> Total</u>	L	evel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	vel 3
Investment by fair value level: Mutual funds	\$ 2,938	\$	2,938	\$	•	\$	-
	\$ 2,938	\$	2,938	\$	•	\$	*

## Note 4 - Commitments

We lease offices and equipment under various operating leases expiring at various dates through 2022.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows for years ending June 30:

2019	\$ 28,284
2020	28,284
2021	12,936
2022	 - 4
	\$ 69,504

Rent expense for the year ending June 30, 2019 was \$25,299.

# Note 5 - Special Events

Annually we hold fundraising events. The revenue and related expenses from such events for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Net special events revenue	\$ 13,332
Less direct benefits to donors	 (11,129)
	24,461
Karaoke Night	 4,500
Duck Race	\$ 19,961
Gross special event revenue:	

# Note 6 - Pension Plan

We sponsor a 401(k) defined contribution plan. Employees meeting specified age and service requirements are eligible to participate in the plan. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, we made no contributions to the plan.

# **Note 7 - Functionalized Expenses**

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include occupancy, depreciation, and amortization, which are allocated on a square footage basis, as well as salaries and wages, benefits, payroll taxes, professional services, office expenses, information technology, interest, insurance, and other, which are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

## Note 8 - Concentrations

We derive significant revenues from contracts with and grants from the County of Riverside, California for childcare and educational services. Loss of some or all of these contracts could have a significant detrimental effect on the Organization's operations.

# Note 9 - Net Assets with Donor Restriction

A summary of activity for our net assets with donor restrictions for year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Communi Foundatio	
Beginning of period Additions	\$	6,260
Releases		(6,260)
End of period	\$	•

Community Foundation-Tuition/Scholarship.

These funds are restricted for use to provide tuition assistance/scholarships to low-income families.



# Smith Marion & Co. · Certified Public Accountants

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Governing Body of V.I.P. TOTS

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of V.I.P. TOTS (Agency), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2019, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2020.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Agency's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We noted no such deficiencies.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Marion : 3

January 15, 2020 Redlands, CA

nan	cial Stat	rements		
1.	Type of	Auditor Report on the financial statements: Unn	nodified.	
2.	Internal	control over financial reporting:		
	a.	Material weakness identified	yes	Xno
	b.	Significant deficiency identified that are not		
		considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	X none reported
3.	Noncon	npliance material to financial statements?	yes	Xno

None reported.

None reported.